The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 9, 1819. New Series, No. 158.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, at Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $ 4 per Annum.

650 Barrels Lake SALT,

4 HOGSHEADS LEAF TOBACCO,
10 BARRELS SHAD,
50 BOXES BRIMSTONE,

Will be sold low for Cash or approved notes, in order to close sales.

Allen & Grant.

Pittsburgh, October 12.

Notice.

AN election for thirteen directors of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh will be held at the Banking house, on the third Monday, 15th of November next.

By order of the board of directors.

JOHN SCULL, *Pres't.*

Pittsburgh, Oct. 20, 1819.

NOTICE.

HENRY MILLER and Co. Patent Cooking Stove manufacturers, have made an assignment to the subscribers of all their estate, real and personal, and of all debts and monies arising or belonging to the firm, for the benefit of their creditors. All persons indebted to the said firm will take notice, that the several amounts due from them must be paid to the subscribers.

J. DOANE,
A. BEELEN.
REUBEN NEAL.

Pittsburgh, October 26, 1819. 1awtf

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON, Rolled ditto, Sail and Deck Rods, Crowley & Blister Steel, Springs, hinges & screws, Spinning-wheel Irons, Trace and Log chains, Patent beams and Steel-yards, Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades, Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers, Scythes and sickles, Drawing-knives & Grid-irons, Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks, Carpenter's adze', Plough Irons, Cow-bells, Castings, assorted,

Pittsburgh & Kentuck Manufac. Tobacco, Spanish and country Sugars, Rappee & Scotch Snuff, Rosin soap and candles, Powder, Shot and Lead, Earthen & Queensware, Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce, Allspice, pepper & nutmegs, Copperas, rosin, indigo, Cheese, bacon and Venison hams, Mackarel, shad and Herring, Bed cords and Plough lines, Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills, Window glass,
Ivory combs, Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

Fresh Hops.

A QUANTITY OF THE FIRST QUALITY

HOPS,

FOR SALE BY

GLASER & CAMMAN.

October 22.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Oct. 14, 1819.

A election for thirteen Directors of this Institution will be held at the Banking House on Monday the 15th November next.—To commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, CASHR.

Porter Bottles & Hollow WARE.

THOMAS PEARS. &CO

HAVE for sale, at their Manufactory, in Water near Grant street, an extensive assortment of

BLACK PORTER BOTTLES.
AND OLIVE HOLLOW WARE

Of a very superior quality, at the following prices

Black Porter, Ale and Claret bottles, in form and colour equal to any European, per doz.	$ 18
Olive round gallon Bottles,	4
Do. do. half do do	2 50
Do do quart do do	1 50
Do pint flasks and do	1

—ALSO—

Pickling Jars, Blacking Bottles, &c.

CASH given for good clean WOOD ASHES.

Pittsburgh, October 22—3t

BARLEY.

One Dollar per bushel

Will be given for good Merchantable BARLEY at the

Pittsburgh Point Brewery.

August 16 1819. tf

Attention!

ALL those indebted to the late Pittsburgh Academy, will take notice that its debts have been transferred to the Western University of Pennsylvania—Those who neglect to pay the subscriber on or before the first of December next, the amount of their respective accounts will be exacted in par money, and put in suit for collection immediately after that date.

ABNER BARKER,
Manager W. U. P.

Town of PALERMO.

THE scite of this Town is on the bank of the Ohio river in Union county, state of Kentucky, immediately opposite the mouth of the Saline river, in the state of Illinois.

The Sale of Lots

will take place on the 20th day of October next, under the directions of the Commissioners appointed by the Court of Union county, and will continue from day to day, till Three Hundred are disposed of

THE TERMS OF SALE

will be one fourth down, one fourth in nine, one fourth in eighteen, and one fourth in twenty four months, with a deed of trust to secure the payment.

There is no situation on the Ohio between its source and mouth (with the exception of Louisville) which combines more or greater advantages than

PALERMO

—Union is allowed to be the most fertile county south of Green river, and the whole section of country between the Green and Cumberland rivers is well known to be peculiarly adapted to the culture of tobacco than any other part of Kentucky. The population is increasing most rapidly, and by many of the most respectable and genteel families from Virginia, North Carolina and the old settled parts of Kentucky. This town is about 1200 miles above New-Orleans and lies in the direct course to Illinois, Missouri, Arkansaw, Kaskaskia and Red River countries, and shortens the distance at least thirty miles instead of going by Shawanee-town. In its immediate neighbourhood, are very large bodies of the richest land in the state—it is about 6 miles by water from the United States' Salt Works, and must become the deposit for the salt wanted in the adjacent counties of Kentucky, and a considerable portion of Tennessee.

PALERMO

is destined to become one of the greatest places on the whole river for steam works, having an inexhaustible coal mine within half a mile of the river, and the coal not a foot below the surface, and also within three or four miles of the town one of the richest ore banks in the western country.

PALERMO

possesses a great advantage over every other situation on the river above it, that steam-boats and others can at almost all seasons of the year come from and return to New-Orleans, there being never less than 12 feet water at its banks; the want of which advantage was severely felt from Pittsburgh as low as Shawaneetown last fall, at the former of which places an immense amount of goods was detained on account of the lowness of the water from September to December. An importing house at this place, getting goods from Baltimore, New-York or from Europe direct by way of New-Orleans, and having one or two branch steam-boats, drawing not more than from two to two and an half feet water, would make incalculable profits by supplying the country as high as Louisville and up the different tributary streams of the Ohio with merchandize. This town is laid off on a beautiful plain or level extending from the river to the foot of the Curlew Hills, a distance of nearly a mile, and commands a fine view of the Ohio and Saline rivers.

Encouragement to Mechanics to settle in

PALERMO;

Fifty Lots

Will be given gratis in fee simple, (including those given to the acting Commissioners) also the use of pit coal for five years, for fuel, the use of an acre lot for five years for a garden, timber for the interior of a two story house building stone from the Curlew hills, on condition that the grantee build and completely finish in two years, a two story house aforesaid of brick or stone; the same privileges will be extented to purchasers at the first sale, but to no others. The situation is peculiarly well calculated for an industrious and prudent mechanic to realize a fortune in a short time; provisions are remarkably low, wages uncommonly high, and the savings of a few months can at any time be invested in the public lands by crossing over to Illinois, Indiana or Missouri, which will increase annually for years to come from 25 to 30 per cent.

PALERMO

is very healthy, well watered by a number of the purest springs, and at a distance of about eighteen miles are some of the most efficacious *White Sulphur* and *Salt Sulphur Springs* in the Western country, which are much resorted to. At the same time will be leased for a term of years, from

15 to 20 FARMS

Of 75 ACRES each, of as rich lands as the state affords, adjoining the town; and every stick of wood, every fowl, pig, shoat, lamb, mutton, vegetable, pound of butter or pint of milk that the farmer can spare will find a certain and ready market from the steam boats.

The following trades would meet with most encouragement, viz. Brick-makers, Brick-layers, Carpenters, Black-smiths, Wheelwrights, Coopers, Cabiner makers, Tanners & Curriers, Shoemakers, Hatters and Tailors. None however need apply except such as are masters of their trades and sober and industrious. Any letters directed to the subscriber at Frankfort, Ken. (post paid) will be duly attended to.

Patrick Hendren.

August 12, 1819.——4wcPHFt1stDec.

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, on Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
30 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl.

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing Chains, &c. &c.

July 16, 1819.

H. Bonnet and Ronaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly receive large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLE SKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

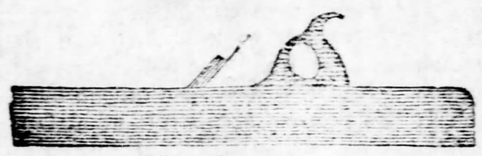
And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madnass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace ruffle,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19. ——

Swetman & Hughes,



Manufacturers,

Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they continue their Manufactory at the above stand, where from their strict attention to business and the excellence of the workmen employed, they are enabled to execute every thing in their line in the best manner.

Orders from any part of the western country, promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 29, 1819.

Turnpike Notice.

THE Stockholders in the Pittsburgh and New Alexandria Turnpike Road Company, are required to pay to the Treasurer of the Company, the 3d, 4th, and 5th installments, in the following manner and proportion, viz. two and an half dollars on each share, being the 3d installment, on Monday the 11th of October next; two and half dollars on each share, being the 4th instalment, on Monday the 8th of November next, and two and an half dollars on each share, being the 5th instalment, on Monday the 13th of December. Those who have neglected to pay their first and second instalments, may rest assured that if not paid on or before the 1st of October next, suits will be brought against all delinquents and those who will suffer a suit to be brought, may rest assured that nothing but specie will be taken in payment.

Subscribers in Allegheny county, will pay to James Johnston, esq. who is authorised to receipt for the same.

JOHN A. GILCHRIST, Treasr.

September 6th, 1819.

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bauduy, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819.

Copartnership.

WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of

William Hill and Brothers,

who offer for sale on accomodating terms at their *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*

WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE

Pittsburgh January 1 1819.——tf

LOST,

ON Tuesday the 12th instant, a large POCKET BOOK made of a reddish brown leather, containing a number of receipts for coal and several duebills.—The contents of the Pocket Book is of no use to any person but the owner. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Oct. 22, 1819.

I WILL SELL,

And take stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh in payment,

NINE ACRES of ground on the bank of the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, and about 200 yards below Robinson's Ferry—Also a Lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additional supply of

New Music and Musical *INSTRUMENTS.*

Which with his stock on hand, comprizes the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

CASH.

I HAVE determined to sell my FARM, at the fork of Chartier's creek, in the county of Washington, fifteen miles from Pittsburgh, consisting of about 214 acres, so low for CASH as to make it a great object for any one having the command of money. Its advantages in point of soil, timber, water, sugar-camps, neighbourhood, proximity to mills, markets, the turnpike road from Washington to Pittsburgh, meeting houses and an excellent college, are well known—Added to these, some enterprising individuals of capital, are now boring for Salt within a quarter of a mile of it, at a lick which has produced salt from the surface, so that no doubt is entertained of their success. This will be useful, not only to the vicinity in general, but it will be of peculiar benefit to the tract hereby offered for sale, as it will afford a constant market for the stone coal with which the land abounds. I will give the purchaser a PATENT in my own name and a *general warranty* deed. The title is indisputable. I am willing to dispose of eight or ten other tracts, on moderate terms.

THOMAS MORGAN.

Washington, Pa. September 24, 1819.

Call with me and save Costs.

THE BOOKS of *Gilbert M'Koun, Merchant, & John Means, late Inn-keeper*, are left with me for collection—persons who are indebted to either of those men, are invited to call at my office, in Fourth street, Pittsburgh, and settle without delay.

MATHEW B. LOWRIE.

September 24.

PATENT PLOUGHS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

Just Manufactured & For Sale.

AT

TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also he exchanges between Eastern and Western ands.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on Monday the 24th of October last, an indented apprentice to the Blacksmith business named JOHN TROTTER, about 18 years of age, of fair high; had on when he absconded, a fur hat, a drab coloured coat, linen pantaloons,—he took with him a pair of cotton overalls. All persons are forbid harboring him at their peril, as the law will be rigorously enforced against them. The above reward, but no cost or charges will be paid for his apprehension.

JOHN SPROUL.

Fayette township, Nov. 2.

The Ohio River.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that proposals will be received by the subscribers, for improving the navigation of the Ohio River from the city of Pittsburgh to the line of the state of Pennsylvania, a distance of about 40 miles, from this time until the first of December next.

The contemplated improvement will consist in removing the large stones from the bed of the river, and in cutting an artificial channel through the shoals and ripples of a certain depth and width. The work necessary to effect this object would be of a very simple kind. The stones lying in the channel are not attached to the bed of the river—none of them are so large as to require to be blown, and the artificial channel would have to be opened through sand and gravel.

The subscribers reside in Pittsburgh, and would be happy to afford every information upon the subject to any enterprizing persons disposed to undertake the work.

Matthew B. Lowrie,
Charles Shaler,
Alex. Johnston, Jr.
John Linton,
James Adams,
Isaiah Doane,
William Wilkins.

Pittsburgh, September 21 —— 6t

☞ The Editors of the Baltimore Telegraph, the Philadelphia Aurora, New York Columbian and Utica Patriot, are respectfully requested to publish this notice in their respective papers, once a week for six weeks, and send their accounts to the edtiors of the Pittsburgh Gazette

Storage and Commission Business.

Matthias Winans & Andrew M. January

HAVING entered into partnership to transact the above business, under the firm of

WINANS & JANUARY,

as successors to the late firm of Samuel January, Sen. & Co. They hope from their knowledge of said business, and by care and strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

They have on hand and for sale, a large quantity of

BAR & NAIL IRON—assorted.
Castings—assorted,
Cut Nails—assorted sizes,
Wrought ditto ditto
Iron Wire Sieves, & Riddles, different Nos.
Iron Wire Screens, ditto ditto
White Lead in Oil,
Prime Glazed Rifle Powder,
A large quantity of Copperas,

Groceries & Liquors, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Books and Stationary, etc.

All of which will be sold low for CASH, or on reasonable credits.

Maysville, April 17, 1819.—— M116m

Dissolution of Partnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Samuel January, Sen. & Co.* has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to Samuel A. January, who is authorised to settle the business, and those having claims against said firm will please call on him for payment.

Samuel January, Sen.
Samuel A. January,
Peter T January.
Andrew M. January.

Maysville, April 17, 1819. M116m

A Most Valuable Estate FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

THE

GOOD INTENT INN,

Lately occupied by Mrs. Morrow, at the Sign of the Green Tree, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

Furnished for the accomodation of TRAVELLERS and others.

The subscriber, from his GOOD INTENT and the probity and attention of his servants, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1819.

☞ The Stage Office of the Juniata route is kept at the above Inn.

*** A good, dry CELLAR, 45 feet on Fourth street by 20 back, to rent—Enquire as above.

Pittsburgh Gazette

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 9, 1819.

Extract of a letter from the Honourable Jonathan H. Walker, Judge of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, to Doctor William Watson of the borough of Bedford, dated

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 25, 1819.

Dear Sir,

From our long and intimate acquaintance, I feel confident you will rejoice at the introduction into common use of every invention calculated to produce saving and economy in these times of general distress. The enormous price and growing scarcity of fuel in many of our cities and inland boroughs in this state, render domestic economy in this article an object of great importance.

It will be obvious to you, that the general introduction of any invention, calculated especially to lessen the consumption of this important article, must be considered as contributing essentially to the purposes of domestic economy, and consequently meet your entire approbation.

It is therefore, with sincere pleasure I proceed to inform you, and through you my old friends and neighbours in the interior of the state, who may be unacquainted with the fact, that C. Postly's Patent Cooking Stove, is an invention eminently qualified to attain the objects above mentioned.

It is firmly believed, that scarcely any invention can be better calculated to save fuel, to dress victuals in a palatable and handsome style, and at the same time preserve and continue a comfortable degree of warmth in a kitchen.

The interest which I feel, as well in every thing which may concern my old friends and the citizens of my native state at large, I trust will be a sufficient apology for my addressing you, and entering into a detailed description of the Stove in question.

It is unnecessary too add, that you are at liberty to give the letter entire to the public for their information.

The Stove is of an oblongal form, 2 feet 7 inches in length horizontally, 19 inches in width and 2 feet high, the lower plate projects in oval form as in a common Franklin Stove, about twelve inches in front of the upright plates.

This small projection answers as well the purposes of an hearth as some of the operations of cooking and besides renders the Stove perfectly safe in a setting room or in a mechanical shop when necessity requires such a degree of economy. The stove is divided horizontally by two plates at the distance of 14 inches apart, save a small opening in the upper plate in the end opposite the fire place, for the purpose of permitting the fire and smoke to ascend and return over the upper plate of the oven to the place of its emission into the stove pipe

The lower part of the stove under the lower partition plate, is divided perpendicularly into two apartments.

The one contains the fire, the other, divided from the first by a perpendicular plate which is appropriated to roasting and boiling meat, &c. and baking bread and cakes, &c. &c.

The upper apartment or oven of the stove, between the two interior horizontal plates, remains entire except a small perpendicular space at the end opposite the fire, where the flame and smoke are separated from the apartment and thrown into the small space above the upper interior plate and returned to the emission vent, into the stove pipe.

Thus the fire is first made to strike against the bottom and pass under and over the whole of the large apartment and also along the side and over the top of the under apartment.

As the flame passes under the external plate before it arrives at the vent hole, or flue, it is made to strike against the bottom of a tea kettle placed in a fluted oval opening in the upper external plate.

This oval opening is covered by a neatly fitted cover, in the absence of the tea kettle. The larger apartment or oven is thus entirely surrounded save a small space of about two inches at one end, by the flame and the lower small apartment on two sides.

The greater heat is necessarily thrown upon and round the larger apartment, but the smaller apartment is sufficiently heated for any purpose of baking cakes, roasting and broiling meat and poultry. The larger apartment however, is the most certain and convenient receptacle for an expeditious cook.

Here, by the aid of a movable plate of cast iron, placed on feet or stands at a middle distance between the lower and upper plates of the lower oven, six good sized loaves may be baked at the same time, when the bread is removed every species of cake, custard, pudding, pie and dessert may be baked and cooked with the utmost facility, neatness and dispatch.

The large as well as the small ovens may also be used for making soup, roasting, broiling and frying any kind of meat or poultry. These are placed in different sized dripping pans and supported by interior gridirons.

The frying is performed in skillets.

To give you a definite idea of what the stove is capable of roasting alone, I can state that the two ovens will contain at once a turkey, a joint of beef, a loin of veal, and two or three pair of fowls. The various operations of boiling by water and by steam, are performed by four cylendrical and oval boilers. Three of these are made of copper or tin, containing in the aggregate from 15 to 20 gallons, in the round boiler may be occasionally placed an inverted conical kettle made of tin for the purpose of making mush or soup, &c. &c.

The fourth boiler, which is for the purpose of washing clothes solely, is made of oak, and containing from 20 to 25 gallons. When the three smaller boilers are made of copper, which is preferred from its durability, they must be well tinned in the inside for the purpose of conveying the caloric or heat to the boilers; there are attached to the bottom of the boilers, laterally, and in the place of the bottom, a correspondent number of flat parallelogramatic tubes about 10 inches in length, and 8 inches in width, containing about 3 quarts of water, and hermetically sealed on the end and sides beyond the boilers and opening only into them.

These are all made of copper and well tinned in the inside.

The tubes are inserted in corresponding horizontal openings in the back and ends of the stove, presenting their faces to and over the direct action of the flame. The heat is thus rapidly communicated from the water in the tubes, to the water in the boilers, the water in both forming one continuous mass.

The process of heating is very rapid. the whole machine being set in motion by the application of the flame of the fire to the bottom of the tubes. The inside of the tube filled with water which conveys the heat to the whole united mass of water in the boiler on the outside.

It is needless to add that all the boilers are on the outside of the stove, and rest on an iron footman made for that purpose, these support the bottom of the boilers which must always contain a sufficiency of water to prevent their burning.

These tubes should be occasionally rubbed and cleaned to prevent the accumulations of soot on them, which acts as a non-conductor and greatly impedes the passage of the caloric, and of course the process of heating. All the boilers are furnished with covers, which may or may not be used as occasion requires.

Convenient metal stoppers are provided for all the horizontal openings for the tubes; when the boilers or any of them are not in operation.

The ovens are each furnished with a sliding ventilator, to give a savoury taste to the victuals, by permitting the steam arising therefrom to ascend up the flue, and also to diminish the quantum of heat when necessary.

It is obvious that the three copper or tin boilers are of different dimensions to suit the different purposes of culinary operations. They may be all furnished with large cocks in their sides over the bottom, to facilitate the drawing off the heated water for various kitchen uses.

The oval boiler will contain a large ham; when fish, potatoes or any species of vegetables are wanted to be cooked at the same time, the cover is removed and several tier of steamers placed thereon for that purpose, by which means those various articles may be cooked by steam alone, without the possibility of any substance or liquid dropping into the boiler below, as the steam is admitted into these steamers laterally, and above their respective bottoms; and the fish and vegetables &c. &c. in separate apartments kept from touching the bottom by strainers made for that purpose.

These latter contrivances perform their duty in a neat and elegant style, to the entire satisfaction of every good cook.

When the external operations of the boilers are suspended, they are removed and the stoppers placed in the openings, in which situation the stove presents to the eye a neat appendage and diffuses an agreeable warmth through the room.

And it is obvious, that in families whose circumstances or inclinations will not admit of more than one room or fire, the saving in the article of fuel would be immense.

Care should be taken that the wood used should be somewhat dry, or at least a portion of it, and that it shall be cut sufficiently short for the fire apartment, three or four sticks are sufficient for one fire, indeed, the place will not hold more. Dry pine that might be entirely useless for any other purpose, would constitute excellent fuel.

To conclude.—I think I may fairly assert, that among the many patent inventions for which our nation is so conspicuous, few can be compared to this in point of general usefulness, comfort and economy.

I have used one of the stoves, I have attempted to describe for more than six months in my kitchen, during all that time no other fire either of coal or wood has ever been made in that part of the house.

It has fully answered every culinary purpose, and besides is a great saving of manual labour. It will cook with ease for a family of 20 or 30 persons, and there are larger sizes to suit the convenience of public houses and Steam boats.

Economy was my object, which is so necessary for a judge.

I have kept an accurate account of the wood consumed, which is a little less than one cord per month; an ordinary kitchen fire place would consume nearly that amount per week.

The Stove with the whole cooking apparatus necessary to cook for from 20 to 30 persons, can be purchased here for $100.

These stoves are manufactured by Messrs. Henry Miller and Co. Second street, two doors from the corner of Wood street.

I will most cheerfully attend here gratis and see the work completely done and sent on to any of my friends in the interior of the state.

I am, dear sir, with sentiments of great respect and affection, your old friend,

J. H. WALKER.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURES.

An adjourned meeting of citizens, friendly to Domestic Manufactures, was held in Philadelphia, on the 2d instant. Matthew Lawler, Esq. in the chair. The committee, appointed at a former meeting to collect information relative to the state of manufactures in the city and vicinity of Philadelphia, reported at great length. The following are extracts from their report:—

"It appears that the average number of persons employed in 1814 and 1816, was 9,425

Whose wages averaged per week	$58,344 75
Which amounts in the year to	3,033,779 00
Whereas at present the number employed is only	2,137
Whose wages average per week	12,822 00
Equal per annum to	666,744 30
Thus, in the article of wages alone, there is, in thirty branches of manufacture, an actual annual loss of	2,366,945 00
Supposing the materials only equal to the wages, they amount to	2,366,945 00
Annual amount of productive industry smothered by our present system	4,733,890 00

In this city and vicinity, there are, it appears, 7,268 persons thrown idle And it is far from unreasonable to presume, that, on every person thus deprived of employment, at least two other persons depend. Hence it follows that no less than 21,864 persons are bereft of maintenance in one single district of no great extent, not forty miles in diameter.

The basis of the paper manufacture is a raw material, completely worthless for any other purpose. All the produce of it, therefore, is clear gain to the community, and a solid substantial addition to the wealth of the country. We, therefore exhibit a comparative view of the state of the branches in

	1816	1819
Workmen employed	950	175
Annual wages	217,000	45,000
Annual production	760,000	136,000
Tons of rags worked up	2,600	462

Thus, in one single branch, of the little comparative importance, an annual loss of 620,000 dollars is incurred in the city and vicinity; and 775 persons rendered destitute of employment, many of them men and women of large families. This is independent of the sacrifices of the capital of the employers, which in many cases, is reduced to one half of its former value.

Although not exactly within the duty enjoined on your committee, they judged it not improper to exhibit a statement of the depreciation of the value and income of real estate in the city of Philadelphia, in order more fully to corroborate the view they have given of the existing distress.

Of 85 houses in six contiguous squares in Market street, which were in 1818, rented for	$88,260
There were one month since, only 49 occupied, which rent for	35,205
Diminution of annual income in part of a single street	53,055

And there were no less than 36 wholly unoccupied.

In those squares, many of the houses are under lease, and therefore have undergone no change in the rent, and many are occupied by the owners. Of both descriptions no notice is taken. This view is wholly confined to houses of which the rent has been lowered, or which are unoccupied.

And on an examination of sundry streets, being about three-fourths of the whole city, there were found, a fortnight since, not less than about 400 houses unoccupied.

ALBANY, Oct. 26.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Utica, to his friend in this city.

"Yesterday (Friday the 22d inst.) an elegant large boat, called the Chief Engineer, laden with passengers was drawn by a horse on the Erie Canal from Rome to Utica, and she now lies at her moorings at this place. To morrow morning, at eight o'clock his excellency the governor, with the other commissioners (excepting Mr. Young,) will embark on board this boat, under the discharge of cannon, and with the ringing of bells, on an excursion to Rome, where they are to dine, and then return to Utica on the same day. A band of music have volunteered to accompany his excellency, and it is understood that cannon will be fired to salute the commissioners at various points along the line of the Canal. A prouder, or more joyous Day, never dawned on the State of New-York!

Yesterday we had a continued fall of snow and sleet for several hours.

On Thursday last the Hon. Supreme Court, now sitting in this city, delivered an important decision of jurisdictional right in this state to take cognizance of offences arising within the limits of such places within the state as are garrisoned by the army of the United States.

The prisoner was tried at the summer circuit in the county of Niagara, for the murder of a fellow soldier, under circumstances of peculiar atrocity. It appeared from the recapitulation of the facts, by his honor Justice Platt, that it had been committed within the fortress of Niagara—and that the prisoner was convicted, on full and satisfactory evidence. An objection was taken by the prisoner's counsel, that the jurisdiction of this state did not extend to such places as were occupied by the troops of the United States as a garrison. His honor the chief justice delivered the opinion of the court, that the act was committed within the jurisdiction of this state, and that the prisoner was amenable to its laws.

An impressive address was then made by Judge Platt to the prisoner, in a manner, that reflects on him the highest honor as a man, a scholar and a christian. The sentence was then passed, ordering the prison for execution, in the county of Niagara; on Friday the 3d day of December next.

Extract of a letter from a commercial house in Charleston to another in Baltimore, received by yesterday's mail.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 21.

"From the best information that can be obtained, and which we have no doubt may be relied on, the crops of cotton and rice will be abundant, and the quality generally above mediocrity. As yet but a few small parcels of cotton have been brought to market, of which the uplands have been sold at 17 to 18 cents, and a few bales choice brought 18½, but we do not look on these first sales as likely to be the fair price of the article. For sea islands (the specimens of which we have seen will class as good fair) 37 to 40 cts. are asked, but we are not aware that any sales have been effected at these prices. The crops of cotton in Georgia promise more than a fair average, more particularly in sea islands; we therefore look for some reduction from the above prices when the bulk of the crop comes to market, say from the latter end of December, to the middle of January, added to which the imports from Europe will fall much under the usual average, which will of course considerably diminish the amount to be invested in produce.

"The crops of rice will not begin to come forward freely till about the 20th December. We do not anticipate this article will rule beyond 3½ to 4 dollars.

"The accounts from the country respecting Tobacco, are also favourable, & we may look for a surplus of this article beyond the supply of the last two years, both in this state and Georgia.—Our present quotations are nominal, say 6 to 8 dollars per 100 lbs.. The new crop does not come forward until about Christmas. From the heavy loss sustained on this article last season, we anticipate a failure in the demand, and consequently a reduction in price.

TWO CROPS IN A SEASON.

A late London paper mentions that 'in several orchards on the Clyde, a second crop of pears, was early in September in a considerable state of forwardness.'

The Farmer's Festival.—Scarcely a paper reaches from the northern and western part of this state, that does not contain the proceedings of some agricultural societies and promises increased wealth to the concerned. It is impracticable to republish the pieces or even cursorily to notice them all. Oneida county, we perceive, a premium is awarded to Reuben Gridley, for raising 32 bushels each on two acres of wheat. And in Otsega, to Martin Hayden, for raising on one acre of Indian corn 125 bushels and 2 quarts, and David Barton, of Oneida, produced up to the time the society held their meeting, 3107 pounds of butter. It shews an improvement in agriculture highly creditable to the country.

N. Y. E. Post.

Lockman, the celebrated Persian moralist, relates the following story of himself: "I was once," said he, "so poor, that I had not wherewith to buy me a pair of shoes, and was obliged to go barefooted. However patient I had been till then, I was become very dissatisfied with my lot, and entered the temple of Cufa extremely melancholy and discontented. There saw a man who had no legs. Reflecting on his condition, I no longer complained of wanting shoes, but gave thanks to God from the bottom of my heart, that I could still walk, though barefooted How much better is it, thought I, to be without shoes than without legs! If this poor man could recover his legs, how extatic would be his joy, though he would have no shoes."

CAUTION

To Dealers in Gunpowder.

HAVING found that inferior GUN-POWDER of other manufactories, is offered for sale as ours, even sometimes in kegs branded DUPONT, whereby attempts are made to injure the well established character of our Gun-powder and impose on the public, we think it necessary to caution the public against purchasing Gun-powder as ours, except from our Agents or from those who are known to purchase from us or our Agents.

E. J. DUPONT, De NEMOUR & Co.
October 19.——2m

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

DUPONT'

GUN-POWDER

at the most reduced prices. Orders promptly executed by

GEO. BOGGS & CO.

The Editors of the Fredonian, Chilicothe, the Inquisitor, Cincinnati, Public Advertiser, Louisville, the Sun, Vincennes, the Clarion, Nashville, the Enquirer, St. Louis, and Eagle, Maysville, will insert the above two months, and forward their accounts GEO. BOGGS & Co.

A Wet Nurse

WANTED immediately. One without a child will be preferred.
Enquire of the Printer.
Pittsburgh, November 5.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber in Pitt township, about the close of harvest, a RED COW, with a white face, small horns, two small pieces out of the right ear and a slit in the left, little white between her fore legs and a little under the belly, and she appears to be about six or seven years old. The owner may have her again, by proving property, paying charges and taking her away.

ADAM BURCHFIELD.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 5, 1819.

Spanish Soal Leather

AND

BUFFALOE ROBES.

The subscribers have just received

5000

lbs best Span. Soal Leather

AND

20 Bales Buffaloe Robes,

Which they offer low for Cash.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, August 31. tf

☞ On hand a few Kegs prime HOG'S LARD and half a ton of TALLOW.

FOR SALE,

15 barrels Country Sugar,

TWENTY DITTO LAKE FISH,
2000 lbs LOGWOOD,

12 tons Juniata Bar Iron,

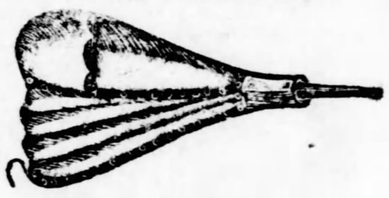
Low for Cash,

1000 Reams Writing & Post PAPER,
Window Glass—all sizes,
50 Kegs prime Tobacco, Kentucky manufacture,

500 barrels Lake Salt.

J. W. BIDDLE & Co.
Pittsburgh, September 21. 1aw6

Windy Works !!



Pittsburgh Factory,

CORNER OF SMITHFIELD AND THIRD STREETS,
WHERE ARE MADE,

Forge & Tilt-hammer,

SILVER, WHITE, BLACK AND COPPER SMITH, NAILORS AND BRAZIERS

BELLOWS,

Of a quality equal to any in the United States.

Orders from any part of the Western Country filled with despatch, and shipped per order.

Liberal discounts made to merchants and others who purchase to sell again.

J. W. TREMBLY.

April 23, 1819. 2aw1m1aw2m2amtf

☞ Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will have the preferene.

Pittsburgh Soap Factory.

THE subscribers have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

April 9.

WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweedy & Co.

To Old Soldiers,

AND UNITED STATES' PENSIONERS.

THE subscriber for many years past has collected the pensions of several United States pensioners—And now offers his services to all pensioners who may apply to him.

He draws up the necessary affidavits, powers of attorney, certificates and vouchers, and with the generous aid of humane magistrates and physicans of this city, and good reponsible agents in Philadelphia, he is enabled to collect pensions promptly when due, at a very trifling expense.

☞ Liberal advances made when required by pensioners in needy circumstances.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

October 6.

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday, Nov. 9, 1819.

Ever since the election of Mr Monroe to the presidential chair, we have felt, and we have always expressed ourselves warmly in his favour both politically and personally. Some of our distant friends have been in some degree astonished at the length to which our feelings have been carried on this subject, and have thought us not justified by circumstances. But disgusted as we have long been by party violence, and convinced as we are of the confusion it had reduced us to, we seized with delight upon any occurrence which to our minds, offered the slightest means of paralizing this violence. The election of Col. Monroe appeared to us just the thing to produce the effect we have so ardently desired; we conceived him to unite all the qualities necessary for harmonizing public sentiment. As we anticipated, rapid strides have been made towards obtaining this most desirable object; generally speaking, all parties appeared satisfied, and the hitherto hostile ranks are laying down their arms and mingling in perfect unison and peace. We have only had to regret one serious defect in the administration, and this regret has been excited more by our sectional than our political feelings; this is, the confining of public appointments to the Atlantic portion of the United States, without looking westward in more than *one or two* instances; as we have taken the liberty of animadverting upon this feature of our government more than once before, we do not feel disposed at this *period* to move it again. A circumstance, however, has lately occurred in the District of Columbia, which has produced the present paragraph, and is one which we sincerely regret; we allude to the appointment to fill the vacancy in the collectorship of Alexandria, caused by the death of Col. Charles Simms. We are not yet fully informed of the circumstances, but at present we are impressed with a belief that the feelings of a considerable portion of the district, and of those immediately concerned, have been outraged by it. We have no fault to find with the successor; we presume him to be respectable and capable of filling the office; but we have understood that a great majority of the citizens of Alexandria, and of the neighbouring portion of the district, warmly petitioned for the appointment of another gentleman who, as a deputy in the same office, had been tried, and had given general satisfaction.

The *almost* unlimited patronage of the President and some of our state executives, are at best but odious features in a republican constitutions; when this patronage, however, is exerted in appointment in unison with the wishes of the majority, its deformity will not be so glaring; but when it is indulged in direct opposition to the people, it becomes too disgusting and even dangerous to be passed unnoticed by those who set themselves up as centinels on the watch towers of liberty. The appointment under consideration, is in this country supposed to have been procured by what is called *family influence*. Of all things we hate to see; to foist an unwelcome officer upon the citizens because a connection of the officer may be wealthy or influential elsewhere, is truly abominable, & we can only compare it to the Roman government sending out consuls to oppress and insult the different colonies her armies had conquered. We have many objections to the aggrandizement of particular families, except it be gained by their own merits and virtues; the fate of too many republics has been decided by it, not to excite alarm in our bosoms at the bare mention of it, and the history of Italy furnishes too many examples of its evils to let it be forgotten. But even if it were not pregnant with danger, it is insulting and mortifying to a republican people, and ought to be scouted on every occasion.

If our impressions are wrong as to the appointment in question, we shall be ready to acknowledge our error; but believing, as we do, that we are correct, we regret it, as we really feel interested in the glory of the present administration.

After Shakespeare, Moliere has said the true and good things than any other writer we have read. They had both studied human nature, and knew every spring of the human heart. Amongst the many excellent observations of the French writer, there is one short one which in these times of *popularity seeking*, we recommend to those of our friends who would wish to preserve the station they at present occupy in public opinion. It occurs in the laughable comedy of Amphitrion, where that amorous divinity Jupiter, having assumed the figure of the husband, is contesting the fact of identity with him so as to completely confuse poor Sosia the servant. After some tart dialogue, the real Amphitrion loses all patience, and the false one invites the company to dine; this determines the matter with honest Sosia, who immediately exclaims, in the same spirit which in former times produced the shouts of "Wilkes and Liberty," and still more recently of "Hunt forever,"

"Le veritable Amphitrion,
"Est, l'Amphitrion ou l'on dine."

meaning in plain electioneering English, "the real Amphitrion is he who treats us sociably!" A useful sermon might be preached from this text, and we earnestly recommend its application to all our friends who have fairly got into the saddle. By acting in conformity with a liberal construction of it, they cannot be unhorsed easily.

During the short course of our editorial career, we have been several times obliged to complain of the want of courtesy on the part of our brother editors, in not giving us credit for articles extracted from our journal. We are sorry to have to repeat our complaints, and to point them against the Aurora, whose veteran editor knows so well the rights of his brethren. An original article from the Pittsburgh Gazette appeared in the 'Weekly Aurora, of the 1st inst. headed Pittsburgh; it is the more striking as it appears in a column with other extracted articles to which the usual civility is extended. Mr. Duane knows that there are three papers in this place.

The following is extracted from the letter of a young Midshipman to his brother in this city; it contains the ideas of a very young man, but they shew that Americans are not very apt to be dazzled by royalty, in all its regalia. The extract may serve to prove the general tone of thought which pervades our officers concerning some of the legitimates, for no doubt it speaks the feelings of the whole navy.

"U. S. Ship Erie, *Naples*, May 25, 1819.

"It is thought in Naples at this moment, that all the world knows the emperor of Austria is on a visit to his daughter Clementina, (married to the second son of the king of the two Sicilies) & the Lazaroni are all driven into the country to accommodate much the greater portion of the opulent and idle nobility of Germany. A rapid succession of every mode of entertainment is of course the consequence. The emperor and king of the two Sicilies and wife with their respective trains, have been on board the Franklin, and no back woodsmen could be more childishly astonished, or awkwardly civil. The emperor commenced the entertainment, by popping behind the officer firing the salute, imitating the guns as they were discharged and slapping the lieutenant on the back, in token of his imperial approbation. The empress (of Tuscan architecture) was prettily frightened to amuse her royal cousin of Naples, and he danced with the agility of an elephant to show that he was not alarmed at the sound of an unshotted gun. The males were in plain and decent clothes, but the women must have resumed their cast offs, for this water excursion. I declare I have seen an archduchess of Austria at the theatre, whose whole dress could not have been worth 20 dollars. The Vienna counts are travellers and make the most of their condition. The chamberlain to the empress, tumbled off deck into the cock pit about 25 feet, and broke his leg upon the cockpit ladder, the whole party were in the utmost consternation and hurried out of the ship, lest the same accident might befal every one of them; an imperial purse was offered to the surgeon, who set the leg (doctor Salter) who refused in despite of all, etiquette, as the English here have said.

"The princess royal, a Bourbon of full blood flew into a termagent passion, and vented it in language deserving a ducking, because the emperor of Austria (in mere good manners as I should think) handed her mother in law the queen, to table at an unusual *fete* given by the king to all strangers of distinction, about ten miles from town, and for this sensible reason that she is not of the blood royal, but raised by her accomplishments and virtues to the throne of Naples, a left handed queen."

MARRIED, on Thursday, the 28th ult. by the Rev. Mr. *Speer*, Mr. *David Maclean*, editor of the Greensburgh Gazette, to Miss *Jane Morrow*, daughter of Paul Morrow esq. of Greensburgh.

Philadelphia, October 29.

Extract of a private letter received in London, dated Madrid, Sept. 1.

"The affair of the Floridas must necessarily draw upon our cabinet the attention of all the powers who have any thing to gain or lose in the revolutions of which Spanish America is at this moment the theatre, or may so become on the slightest signal from Washington.—This affair is inexplicable, even here, where the principal actors of the piece perform their parts before our eyes. It is said, Sir H. Wellesly declares that England has nothing to do with the refusal to ratify this treaty; at least that ambassador pretty openly disavows the part which his court was supposed to have taken in this very strange negociation, which has become abortive almost as soon as it was concluded. It is added, that the French ambassador, in the name of his Christian Majesty, charitably advises the Spanish cabinet not to hazard a rupture, the consequences of which may gradually produce a general war. The opinion of all sensible men in this country is, that by refusing the ratification, and thereby furnishing a legitimate pretext for the ambitious policy of the United States, his majesty is about to sign the loss, or, in other words, the emancipation of all his colonies.

"The departure of the expedition, the preparations for which have for a long time cost 4,000,000 of francs per month, is a thing no longer to be thought of.—Letters from Andalusia state, that the troops are marched of in great haste towards Estramadura. Such is the obstinate determination to commit to the waves a multitude of unfortunate beings that it is still hoped to reorganize this armament, already perhaps afflicted with the plague in the port of Lisbon, if the Portuguese consent! Senseless reports, which merely prove that here it is believed that every thing ought to yield to the infallibility of absolute power!"

The brig Olympia, captain Rutherford 34 days from Gibraltar, has arrived at Alexandria. Captain R. informs that the yellow fever, which was imported into Cadiz by a Spanish frigate from Havana, was spreading rapidly over Spain, and made its appearance three miles within the gates of Gibraltar, which were closed on the 1st of September, against communication with Spain; the plague was also raging on the coast of Barbary, with which the communication was stopped. Our Treaty with Spain was not ratified. A great personage was coming over to the United States, as Ambassador Extraordinary. The Olympia has despatches on board from Spain to our government; also about 200 letters from our squadron, merchants, and others, in the Mediterranean.—*Wash. C. Gaz.*

A great diversity of opinion is said to exist in the British cabinet, respecting the recent lamentable occurrences at Manchester. Lords Liverpool and Sydmouth are reported to be vehement in their denunciations of them; while Lord Castlereagh and other members, highly approve the *cool promptitude* displayed.

The Jews persecuted throughout Germany—are emigrating to France—where all religions are tolerated.

A letter received at the Coffee House from St. Thomas, dated 21st ult. mentions, that after the late storm there, the harbor was completely lined with wrecks, but few of which it was feared would be got off; a great number of lives were lost. Almost every plantation on the island had been materially injured—the cane was completely destroyed, and with it all expectations of the ensuing crop.—*Ibid.*

M. Hyde de Neuville is stated, in a Newspaper, to have actualy *embarked* with his family to France. We learn however, that in consequence of despatches which have been recently transmitted to him, he has relinquished his intention of leaving the United States for the present; & has set out from New-York, on his return to Washington.

Extract of a letter to the house of Reade and Depeyster, merchants in New York, dated

St. Croix, Sept. 28.

"Since writing the inclosed, we have received accounts, from the neighbouring island, of the most melancholy nature.—At St. Thomas there have been upwards of 100 vessels, of all descriptions, totally lost—the property in them has been immense, as many of the vessels had just arrived with valuable cargoes, and many more were on the point of sailing, under convoy of the Salisbury, 50 gun ship, which together with one Hamburgh ship and a Spanish schooner, are the only vessels that rode out the gale.—Scarcely a plantation has escaped. The houses have almost universally been levelled with the ground. The number of persons that have perished is probably not more than one hundred, although it is estimated at many more. The accounts from Tortola and St. John's are still more distressing. Not forty houses remain standing on the two islands, and many valuable lives are lost; the governor of the former, together with his family, are among the number.—The accounts from the Windward Island are equally distressing."

From Gibraltar.—The Norfolk Herald contains a very long letter from Gibraltar, under date of the thirty first of August, from which we extract the following:—"I observe by your papers, a story repeated of the existence of Mina; I have a very particular account of his execution, by one of his own surviving officers who was doomed to witness his tragical end; if I had time, by this opportunity I would transcribe it for you."

A private letter to the Editor of the Norfolk Herald dated at Gibraltar, Aug. the 31st, says that there is no probability of the Cadiz expedition being sent out but in detachments, but nothing more, for every day things grow worse and worse.

The same letter mentions that, respecting the Florida Treaty, the British Minister at Madrid 'assured Mr. Forsyth, in *conversation*, that he had no instruction from his government to interpose any difficulty in the way of its ratification; and that he had done nothing in interference with the rights of either country. A common rumor said that a secret treaty has some years existed between Spain and England, whereby it was stipulated that Spain is never to cede her North American possessions to any foreign power; and the correspondent thinks that this, with the intimations of England that she expects it to be observed; is the obstacle to our treaty. It should be remembered that this is mere rumor.

The British Cabinet has made a new appointment of naval officers for the lakes: and from the high character and experience of several of them, it is to be inferred that the choice has been made with great caution. They are not *yet* to prepare for active service, but they are to reside at such points as may be fixed upon for a naval rendezvous. The Earl of Dalhousie will succeed the Duke of Richmond in the government of the Canadas: and it remains for our government to decide whether, in making active preparations for the *south* the *north* may not require additional vigilence.

National Advocate.

Liberty of the Press in Prussia.

"However much the Prussian government," says the Prussian Official Gazette, "esteems and favours publicity, it cannot allow the journals and popular productions published within the country *to be guilty of the abuse of censuring the measures adopted by it.* The journals of Naumburg and Zeitz, and the periodical work, Hermann, as they have indulged improper expressions opinion, have therefore been suppressed."

We highly esteem the political wisdom which Gov. Galusha in his late speech to the Legislature of Vermont, has manifested. The following paragraph is the close of his speech. It manifests that the powers of his judgement have not suffered a diminution from age:

"I have always thought it wrong, in a Republican Government, to make too frequent changes of men in office, lest it check that laudible ambition to acquire that knowledge which is necessary to discharge the duties of the office, with honor to themselves, and for the best good of the State. But I consider it an equal, if not a greater error, to continue any persons in the most important offices in the State, for such a length of time, as to encourage them to conceive that they ought to hold their offices by prescription, and lose that sense of responsibility to their constituents, that every officer in a free government should at all times feel: nor until old age imperceptibly steals upon them, and renders them less adequate to perform the duties of their office, than they themselves imagine. From these considerations, and the great desire I have, to spend the residue of my life in domestic retirement I recommend to the freemen of this State to unite on some other person to perform the duties of Chief Magistrate, after the expiration of the time for which I have been recently elected. Yet, be assured that my zeal for the public good will never cease but with my reason or my life. I hope through the aid of an indulgent Providence and your kind support to be able to discharge the duties of office to acceptance, during the present year, & at the close of the same, to have the pleasure of bidding you a friendly farewell."—*Yankee.*

FURNITURE OF THE CAPITOL.

We understand, from a gentleman who has seen it, that the furniture of the Chamber of Representatives has arrived, and will very soon be arranged in the hall. We are told it was executed by Mr. Constantine of New York, by contract, and is said to be equal to any thing of the kind, for strength, solidity and excellence of workmanship manufactured in the United States. The specimens of this furniture which have been exhibited, have we learn, received the approbation of all who have seen them, and particularly that of best judges of cabinet work.

Mr. James Corbet, of Harrisburgh, Penn. has invented a machine by which a man and boy with the assistance of a horse, can completely bore 500 posts a day, or one, two or three in less than half a minute; no matter how hard or how crooked the wood may be. This is a great object for farmers in the construction of their fences. Mr. Corbet has applied for a patent, and in the mean time offers a model of the machine for twenty dollars. *Ulster Pleb.*

Rapid Transportation.—It is stated in the Augusta (Georgia) Herald of the 16th inst. that a gentleman in that city had recently received a package of goods from New-York, by the way of Savannah in 144 hours.

Bank of Pittsburgh,

NOVEMBER 1, 1819.

THE President and Directors of this institution, have this day declared a dividend of THREE PER CENTUM for the last six months. The same will be paid to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 12th inst.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jun. Cash'r.

Take Notice;

THE copartnership between Drs. BRUNOT & WARD is dissolved by mutual consent. An immediate settlement of accounts has thereby become absolutely necessary.

F. BRUNOT Sen.
M. A WARD.

Pittsburgh, November 5.

Chemical Lecture.

This Evening,

FOR the last time, a LECTURE will be given by Dr. WILLARD, at the Adelphi School Room under the Lodge, in Wood street, on the properties of the NITROUS OXIDE, or

Exhilirating Gas,

of Professor Davy, accompanied with an illustration of the very singular effects of this singular Gas on the human system. Some other interesting experiments in Chemistry will be exhibited.

Ticket 50 cents—For those under 14 years 25 cents, to be had at Mrs. M'Cullough's—at Davis' City Hotel, or of Dr. Willard, at J. B. Oliver's Inn.

November 9.

Notice.

THE co-partnership lately subsisting between John M'Clean, of this city and John and Isaac Lea, of Philadelphia, trading under the firm of John M'Clean & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons who are indebted to the late firm will please make payment to John M'Clean, and those who have claims on it will please present them to him for payment.

JOHN and ISAAC LEA,
JOHN M'CLEAN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1819.

Spanish Soal Leather.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Spanish Soal and Upper LEATHER,

FOR SALE, at the Tan-yard opposite the 2d Presbyterian church, for which, Huntingdon, Bellfonte Notes will be received in payment.

GEO. ANSHUTZ, Jr.

Pittsburgh, October 19.

I. DOANE,

Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE

Ironmongery,

CUTLERY &c.—Among which are

Steel of all kinds, Saws, Tools, Wire, Round Iron, Spikes, Nails, Boat Nails, Anvils, Vices, CASTINGS, &c. &c.

ALSO,

TAR & ROSIN—by the barrel,

50 Kegs best manufactured TOBACCO.

Commission Business,

Attended to as usual.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.—y

A few pounds of the genuine

Pipsissiway,

or PYROLA UMBELLATTA, so celebrated for the cure of CANCERS; collected by a medical gentleman, on the Brandywine, near Wilmington, Del. For Sale.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

700 lbs *Saddler's Skirting Leather,*
1500 do. *Spanish Soal* *ditto,*

4 doz. prime Calf-skins,
4 ditto UPPER LEATHER,

—ALSO—

A general assortment of FALL & WINTER

GOODS,

And a complete assortment of New Printed

MUSIC,

AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

N. RICHARDSON,
Fourth street

Pittsburgh, October 5.

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, on Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
80 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl.

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing Chains, &c. &c.

July 16, 1819.

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW-BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of Anthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and adjoining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird & Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery No. 4.

At which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

Which will be received as soon as convenient for the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish to make enquiry before delivery, will please to call with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market and Second streets, or with the subscribers on the premises.

WARNER, COLWELL & Co.

August 17.

LOUIS ROCHAT,

CLOCK & WATCH-MAKER,

Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield streets,

THANKFUL for the very liberal encouragement he has received from the citizens of Pittsburgh, hereby informs them that the settlement of some business down the river, compels him to leave the city, and that those who have left any thing with him to make or repair, can get the same from G. LEMONNIER, an experienced Clock and Watch-maker, with whom I have left my stock, and authority also, to receive whatever is due to me, either by note or account.

C. Lemonnier,

will continue to make and repair any thing in his line. Patent lever watches, repeating and musical repaired and warranted, and work in general done at reduced prices.

November 5.

To the taxable Inhabitants

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 1st day of December is the day for every delinquent Collector to come forward and discharge their respective duplicates. An empty treasury is very disagreeable, both to the Treasurer and to those who call with warrants, and no doubt will be more so to collectors if they neglect to come forward on said day and settle their accounts. Judgement will be entered without respect to persons. Collectors will do well to take notice that according to law, there is no stay of execution on county duplicates.

R. GRAHAM, Treas'r.
of Allegheny County.

November 5.

Seasonable Goods.

Just received a general assorment of

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Imported by late arrivals from London and Liverpool, viz.

Rose and Point Blankets, Bockings,
Common and London Cloths and Cassimeres,
Extra Superfine London ditto ditto.
Petlose Cloths, Worsted Hoisery, Bombazets, & an assortment of Cotton Goods.

Some of the cases are well assorted so as to suit country merchants—all or any of which will be sold low for cash, by the subscriber at Messrs. Jas. W. Biddle & Co. corner of Second and Wood streets.

JAS. M. CLENDENIN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 2d, 1819.

WESTERN HOTEL,

No. 238 MARKET STREET,

Sign of General Washington.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has taken that well known establishment in Market street, next door to the Pittsburgh Mail Stage Office, and lately occupied by Mr. George Yobe. To those who have been accustomed to resort to this house, it is unnecessary to point out its superior advantages. For the information of others we deem it necessary to state that its situation is central, high, healthy and convenient to business; an extensive range of back buildings, consisting of lodging rooms, afford a fine view of the city to the eastward, and admit a free and uninterrupted circulation of air—and what will give them a decided preference in the opinion of many, is the attachment thereto of balconies, so constructed as not only to afford pleasant promenades, but easy means of escape in the event of any necessity from any sudden alarm of fire. The great Western Stages start every morning from the door, and on the premises is one of the best Livery Stables in the city, conducted by Mr. John Tomlinson, where travellers' horses will be faithfully attended to. With these advantages, and some other improvements now making added to his own unremitted exertions to please, the subscriber confidently hopes for, and very respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

R. Smith.

Philadelphia, August 11.—1aw3mcU'n

To Rent or Sell,

A BREWERY, pleasantly situated on the bank of the Ohio river in the town of Gallipolis, county of Gallia and state of Ohio.

This Brewery is in complete operation, and has all the necessary buildings &c. adjoining the same, such as malt-house, kiln, pump &c. There is a piece of woodland attached to the property, where timber and firewood can be obtained in any quantity, for the use of the brewery. Barley can also be had on reasonable terms from the farmers in the neighbourhood, who now attend pretty largely to the cultivation thereof.

This brewery is in a fine situation for business—4 miles below the mouth of the Great Kenhawa, on which river any quantity of malt liquors can be sold for the consumption of the Salt works.

The buildings and pump are calculated for the establishment of a Distillery, which would be of great advantage in Gallipolis where there is none.

Terms will be made easy and accommodting. For further particulars, apply to

PETER MAGNIER.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 15.

My Creditors,

WILL take notice that I have applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Westmoreland county for the benefit of the acts for relief of insolvent debtors, and that the court has appointed Monday the 22d November next at the court house in said county for a hearing on my petition.

RICHARD YATES.

Greensburgh, Oct. 19, 1819.

Practice of Law.

JAMES S. CRAFT, Esq. is associated with me in my professional business, and may be at all times consulted by my clients. We have opened our office in the Diamond, north of the court-house, where one or both of us may be found at all times by persons willing to entrust us with their business. Mr. Craft is a gentleman of sound legal knowledge and great industry, and by our united attention, diligence and punctuality, it is expected the business of our clients will be promptly and well done.

WALTER FORWARD.

Pittsburgh, September 28.

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment.

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs-lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON,
President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819.

Axes, adzes and augers	Nails, an assortment
Balances patent	Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Bellows, smith	Planes
Brushes, an assort't	Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridies	Plated Bridle Bits, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Blank books,	Shot
Biscuit and crackers	Saddles, Men and Women's
Castings	Scale Beams
Copper stills, counter weights	Steelyards
Castor frames and cruets	Sawmill Irons
Chairs & cabinet ware, a variety	Soap
Cutlery, a variety,	Shovel and Tongs
Coffee Mills,	Tobacco
Domestic cloth & cord	Tin Ware
Casinet and shawls	Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Drawing chains	Tacks and Sprigs,
Edge tools, a variety	Clouts and Sparables,
Furniture mounting	Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Grindstones	Whiskey, rectified and common
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16	Woffle Irons
Gun barrels assorted	Wire Work;
Hackles, hatchets and hoes	
Hammers	
Hats, an assortment	
Iron, bar and rolled	

With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.

Runaway

FROM the subscriber on the the fourth of September 1819, a boy named John Richey.—Whoever brings said boy to the subscriber, shall have six cents, but no charges.

JOHN KINKEAD.

Mifflin township, Oct. 19, 1819.

M. P. Cassilly,

Market, between Third and Fourth streets,

IS OPENING

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

British, French, India and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

Which he will sell cheap for Cash or at a short credit.

ALSO—GREEN COFFEE, by the bag.
BRANDY & WINES,
BENGAL INDIGO, by the keg.
FRESH RAISINS, by the box,

Kenhawa & Lake Salt,

BY THE BARREL.

Pittsburgh, June 25.

Henry Bheares,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that constant and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred. Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

William Crawford,

CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Market and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner, and flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to.

SELDEN & M'NAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1819.

Fresh Seasonable Goods.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to his customers and the public generally, that he has just received a fresh and general assortment of

DRY-GOODS,

Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, etc.

AMONG WHICH ARE

1 bale assorted rose Blankets,
1 do red and yellow Flannel,
2 cases Bombazetts, Calicoes, Ginghams, Cambricks, &c.
1 do cheap domestic Muslin,
100 packs of Pins—4½, 4 & 3½ pound—and 25 pound mixed Pins,
50 dozen assorted fine ivory Combs,
200 do low priced Knives and Forks,
3 do best quality rifle gun locks,
1 do assorted double and single shot-guns,
Blacksmith's Anvils, and a large assortment of Files and Rasps,

With a great variety of seasonable and scarce articles.

Domestic Stock on hand.

Pittsburgh cotton cord, lindsey and linen,
Nails and Tobacco, assorted per keg or retail,
Best Spanish Soal Leather,
Window glass, and green and flint glass war,
Rosin soap and Starch of the best quality –

All of which will be sold at fair market prices for Cash or approved barter.

☞ *No credit can or will be given*—but to afford every consistent facility to purchasers, *almost every kind of uncurrent and foreign Bank Notes* will be taken in payment at as fair a value as can be afforded, and bags, and linen, lindsay, flaxseed, dried fruit, whiskey, flour in bbls. rags, beeswax. flax, yarn, &c. will be received in exchange for goods at fair cash prices.

Isaac Harris,

Diamond.

Pittsburgh, October 15.——6

☞ Blair's Turnpikes, Huntingdon, Centre, Meadville, Canton, Cleaveland, New-Lisbon, Dayton, Zanesville, North Carolina and Georgia Bank Notes, &c. will be received in payment on fair terms.

Trotter's Warranted GUN-POWDER.

Just receceived and for sale by the subscribers

100 KEGS

Superior glazed RIFLE POWDER, Nos. 20, 24, 30, and 36, manufactured at the Powder Works of Samuel Trotter, one and a half miles from Lexington, Ken. and warranted equal in quality to any imported from Europe, manufactured in the United States;

They have also in store, for sale, the following articles, viz.

JUNIATA BAR IRON,

Ditto Slab ditto,
Nail Rods,
Cut Nails, assorted all sizes,
Geneva Window Glass, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, and 12 by 18,
Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco,
Ditto Leaf ditto,
Common Segars,
Pig and Bar LEAD,
Spanish Soal Leather,
Feathers, etc. etc.

Adams & Hutchison.

Pittsburgh, October 22.

Tacks & Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

Have just received a further supply of

TACKS & SPRIGS,

From the Factory in Massachusetts.

Their assortment is now extensive and complete, which they offer for sale on the lowest terms.

Pittsburgh, October 22. 3m

NOTICE.

GLASER & CO. have resigned their business in this city, to GLASER & CAMMANN, who will continue the same on their own account.

All persons having any demands against *Glaser & Co.* will please to present their accounts, and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment to Glaser & Cammann.

GLASER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1819.

Augustus Henry Glaser, AND Hermann H. C. Cammann,

Have formed a connextion in the

Commission Business,

under the firm of GLASER & CAMMANN.

AUGUSTUS HENRY GLASER,
HERMANN H. C. CAMMANN,

Who have for Sale at their Ware-House in Front Street between Market and Wood Streets,

American Boiler Iron,	Conemaugh Salt,
Nails, Scythes,	Teas,
Cutting Knives,	A few barrels Mackarel,
Window Glass, all sizes,	Blankets,
Porter Bottles,	Canton Crapes, &c.
Hollow Ware	

Altena Iron Works,

NEAR PITTSBURGH.

THE following is a list of prices of the different kinds of IRON which can be furnished at the above Works at short notice for cash:

Barr Iron Tire for Waggons, &c. per ton,	$ 160
Fine drawn less than common,	170
Nail Iron 6d 8d 10d	190
do. 4d	200
Boiler Iron 1-8, 3-16 and 1-4 inch thick,	250
Single, less than 1-8 inch,	260
Double and Tribble Sheet Iron.	280

Wheat or Flour, Corn, Oats, Potatoes or Meat, will be received in exchange at the market prices for Iron.

Oct. 8, 1819. JOSHUA MALIN, AGENT.

Allegheny BRIDGE.

THE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE is now opened for the passage of travellers on foot or on horseback, and for light carriages.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE

RATES OF TOLL.

	Cents.
For every foot passenger	2
For every carriage of whatever description used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 6 horses.	75
For every such carriage drawn by 5 horses,	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 4 horses,	50
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	31
For every carriage of whatever description for the purpose of personal accommodation or pleasure, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 4 horses,	75
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	37
For every carriage of whatever description, used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having two wheels and drawn by 4 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	31
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	18
For every chair or other 2 wheeled carriage of pleasure, for every horse therein,	18
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 4 horses,	37½
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 3 horses,	31
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 2 horses,	25
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 1 horse,	12½
For every horse, mare or gelding with a rider,	6
For every horse mare or gelding without a rider,	6
For every carriage drawn by oxen, or partly by oxen and partly by horses, to be rated in the proportion of 2 oxen for 1 horse, and in all cases a mule to be rated in the same proportion as a horse,	
For every head of horned or mulcy cattle,	4
For every head of sheep or swine,	2

Not more than TEN head of Cattle shall be permitted to cross at the same time.

Horses or Cattle are not permitted to be rode or driven at a faster gait than a walk.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jun. Treas'r.

Pittsburgh, November 2.

D. & J. Chute,

Have just received a handsome assortment of

SHOES & BOOTEES,

Which they offer for sale at their old stand, south-east corner of Market street and the Diamond, very low for CASH.

They shortly expect an additional assortment, of superior quality.

CREDIT cannot be given, and those who have been long indebted must make payment.

Pittsburgh, October 26.

SHEET IRON.

A FEW TONS OF

Sheet & Boiler Iron,

FOR SALE LOW, FOR CASH,

BY

A. WAY & CO.

Pittsburgh, September 3.—2aw2m

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S. DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrust me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

Mallory & Newell,

Auction and Commission Merchants.

CINCINNATI (O.)

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Piatt & Co. Bankers, Cincinnati,
Col. James Morrison, Lexington, Ken.
Messrs. Ormsby & Doane, Pittsburgh,
Thomas C. Wright, Esq. Georgetown, D. C.
George Williams, Esq. Baltimore. Md.

Pittsburgh, September 10.

The Subscribers

Have just received a CONSIGNMENT of

European & India Goods,

AMOUNTING TO

$25,000

Consisting of a general assortment of

Common, fine, and superfine CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & COATINGS,
Flannels, Rose and Point Blankets,
Blue and Brown Plains,
Fine India and British Muslins,
Cambric and Book ditto,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Vestings, Silks, Hkfs. Shawls, Hosiery, India & English Checks, etc,

Hardware.

8 Casks tinned Saddlery, assorted,
1,500 dozen Knives and Forks, ditto,
Chest, Door and Pad Locks,
6 Cases Pewter, assorted—

Together with a variety of articles adapted to the season, which they will sell by the piece or package, on the lowest terms for Cash or exchange for produce of the country.

JAMES W. BIDDLE & CO.

Pittsburgh, October 26.

JOHN ALBREE,

South-west corner of Market srteet & the Diamond,

Has just received, and now opening

FOR SALE,

75 Packages Fall & Winter SHOES & BOOTS

CONSISTING OF

Mens fine and coarse Monroe Boots & Shoes.
Ladies Morocco fine calf and cordivan Boots,
Do do do walking Shoes;
Do do do cork sole ditto
Misses, Boys and Childrens morrocco and leather Boots and Shoes, of every description, Suitable for the approaching season—

All of which were selected by an experienced agent, and will be sold at reduced prices,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

J. A. will continue monthly to receive additional supplies, of the first quality.

Pittsburgh, October 19.

The Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association,

HAVE RECEIVED FROM STEUBENVILLE

A handsome assortment of

EXTRA Superfine and Fine Blue, Black, and mixed

Broad Cloths,

Which they offer for sale by the piece at the Factory prices—for Cash only;

ALSO

COPPERAS.

Of the first quality, by the barrel & half barrel,

An assortment of

Cotton Yarn,

At the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices.

Glass or Sand Paper,

at the same prices.

August 13.——law8t

We have on Hand,

800 Reams Wrap. Paper,

CROWN SIZE;

120 Reams Medium Tea Paper,
440 ditto Fine Quarto Post,
120 Gross Bonnet Boards,
100 ditto Band Box ditto.

For which we will take many of the uncurrent notes in payment.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

August 10.

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of Anthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and adjoining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird & Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery, No. 4.

At which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

Which will be received as soon as convenient for the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish to make enquiry before delivery, will please to call with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market and Second streets, or with the subscribers on the premises.

VARNER, COLWELL & Co.

August 17 tf

Buffaloe Robes,

Racoon and Bear Skins,

TEAS, COFFEE, LUMP & N. O. SUGAR,

Carolina Indigo, Snuff in kegs,
Pig-tail and twist Tobacco

QUEENSWARE—assorted Crates.

An invoice of PEWTER Dishes & Plates
Cotton and Seine Twine, &c.

FOR SALE, WHOLESALE, at the Commission Warehouse, corner of Ferry and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

David Logan,

September 28.

William Hill & Brothers

Will receive at par for Merchandize, Notes of the following Banks,

DAYTON,
Urbana,
Lebanon,
Cincinnati,
Zanesville Canal Co.
Cleaveland & Canton.

Also most of the Banks of

KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE AND INDIANA.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1819.——2awtf.

Bauduy's BRANDYWINE POWDER

110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

Best Pickling Vinegar.

A QUANTITY OF THE BEST QUALITY

VINEGAR,

For Sale by the subscriber, on the bank of the Monongahela.

JAMES M'CAT.

Pittsburgh, September 24.

Fall Goods.

M. S. Mason,

Wood street, has just received an extensive assortment of seasonable

European, India & Domestic *Dry Goods,*

Which are offered low, at wholesale, on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, September 28. 6w